

## Changes in critical transport flows in Finland

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## DESTIA

The power relations of trade blocs

## Events affecting the transport system



## "THE BIG PICTURE"



## Some of the critical raw materials and products



## AGRICULTURE

 AND FORESTY
## Critical input

－Fertilizers
－Protein feeds
－Plant protection agents
－Seeds

## Critical output

－Food
－Timber


CHEMICAL INDUSTRY

## Critical input

－Fertilizer raw materials
－Medicinal
－Mcernpoments Critical output －Fertilizers
－Medicine
－角影影部
－Chemicals
－Plastic


## FOOD INDUSTRY

AND COMMERCE
Critical input
－Agricultural products
－Packaging materials

Critical output
－Food


FOREST
INDUSTRY
OIL AND ENERGY
INDUSTRY
Critical input
Criticalinput
－Timber and＊Cruput

－Natural gas
－Energy production components
－Pulp
－Paper products
－Wood products
－Energy

## Critical output

－Oil products
－Electricity
－District heating


## TECHNOLOGY

 INDUSTRY
## Critical input

－Components
－Minerals and metals

## Critical output

－Metal products and machinery
－Metal ores

## Events affecting the transport system

2020


## RAIL TRANSPORT

- Eastern traffic reducing $\rightarrow$ pressure to find new transport customers
- Timber transport increasing
- How will Finland connect to the west with rail in the future?
- Tornio/Haaparanta
- European rail gauge?



## ROAD TRANSPORT

## Transport performance of domestic truck traffic 2018-

 2022, million tkm9000

- Eastern road transport coming to an end
- The domestic market is stable
- The driver shortage is emerging in all industries
- Challenges in the availability of heavy equipment and components - delivery times 1-2 years
- Rising trasport costs
- Alternative power train development
- The deterioration of the road network is worrying




## MARITIME TRANSPORT

- Role has increased
- Due to a shortage of containers, some shift to bulk carriers
- Crude oil shipments from Russia have ended

MAP: Finnish maritime transport in 2018

- The effects of the green transition are a challenge for northern maritime transport
- Finland's extensive port network is important for security of supply
- Finnish tonnage is important


## PORTS - A FEW HIGHLIGHTS

## Kokkola

- End of export transit of iron pellets
- The amount of ore imports has increased


## Pori

- The amount of ore imports has increased
- The export of ores and concentrates is growing.



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- Sea transport volumes of iron ore have increased
- The raw material previously procured from Russia has been replaced with iron ore imported from Asia


## Inland waterway ports

- Export and import transports have ended
- Within the country, timber floating, e.g., to the port of Lappeenranta


## HaminaKotka

- A significant increase in the import of timber
- Inland water transports have been transferred to transport via HaminaKotka
- Fertilizer imports increased in 2022


## AIR CARGO

- The pandemic: belly freight capacity out of play
- $75 \%$ of Finnish air cargo is belly freight
- Russia's overflight ban: significant loss of competitive advantage for Helsinki-Vantaa
- Finnair's Asia strategy renewed
- from a focused Europe and Asia broker to a more decentralized strategy: Middle East, Europe, North America, narrower Asia
- Finland's extensive airport network is important for security of supply



## AIR CARGO

Finnair air cargo 2019-2022 (January-June)

## North Atlantic volumes are increasing




Finland's logistics system has withstood the "shocks" of the operating environment well.

Resilience is at a good level, but we must prepare for the future by developing western connections and recognizing the vulnerability of the Baltic Sea.


## The openness of the Baltic Sea is easily taken for granted

- Excerpt from an interview conducted during work

